

5. CASO PRACTICO DE COMPENSACION SERIE

5.1. Planteamiento del problema

REPOTENCIACIÓN DE LT'S PITIRERA-DONATO GUERRA 1 Y 2

Para las LT's Pitirera-Donato Guerra 1 y 2, actualmente tienen capacitores serie de 96.9 MVAR y pueden transmitir hasta 658 MVAS, se propuso incrementar la capacidad de los capacitores serie a 228 MVAR y poder transmitir hasta 1003 MVA lo cuál es posible si se transmite a factores de potencia cercanos a la unidad (en S.E. Donato Guerra ≥ -0.99), para FP's menores a -0.99 no es posible transmitir los 1003 MVA ya que se rebasa la clase de voltaje de los equipos primarios (420 KV) en la S.E. Pitirera. Desde el punto de vista operativo del sistema de potencia sólo se podrán transmitir 900 MVA a un FP en Donato Guerra de -0.98 y así sucesivamente se disminuye la potencia de transmisión a medida que el FP de transmisión también es menor. Para la toma de decisión sobre la repotenciación de los capacitores serie, es muy importante evaluar su costo ya que involucra adquirir por capacitor serie: 588 unidades capacitors, 21 racks para alojar 28 unidades, 3 reactores de amortiguamiento, 3 varistores y puentes de conexión para los 7 racks por fase, además de considerar al mismo proveedor de los capacitores serie.

5.2 Análisis de parámetros

RESUMEN DEL ANÁLISIS DE LA OPERACIÓN DE LAS LÍNEAS DE TRANSMISIÓN PITIRERA–DONATO GUERRA, L1 Y L2.

| Caso | Transmisión de: | Parámetros en S.E. Pitirera | | | | | Parámetros en S.E. Donato Guerra | | | | | Observaciones |
|------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | | Voltaje (kV) | Corriente (Amp's) | Potencia Real (P) (MW) | Potencia Reactiva (Q) (VAR) | Factor de Potencia | Voltaje (kV) | Corriente (Amp's) | Potencia Real (P) (MW) | Potencia Reactiva (Q) (VAR) | Factor de Potencia | |
| 5.1 | 603 MVA, FP = 1.0 | 406.8 | 871 | 613.7 | -3.5 | 1.0 | 400 | 870 | 603 | 0 | 1.0 | LT sin Compensación |
| 5.2 | 658 MVA, FP = 1.0 | 396.7 | 980 | 671 | -54 | + 0.997 | 400 | 950 | 658 | 0 | 1.0 | Capacitor Serie a 96.9 MVAR, Cap. Nominal |
| 5.3 | 658 MVA, FP = -0.98 | 410.5 | 929 | 658 | 64 | - 0.99 | 400 | 950 | 645 | 130 | - 0.98 | Capacitor Serie a 96.9 MVAR, Cap. Nominal |
| 5.4 | 811 MVA, FP = 1.0 | 402 | 1193 | 831 | 8 | 1.0 | 400 | 1170 | 811 | 0 | 1.0 | Transmisión de la potencia natural de la LT. |
| 5.5 | 811 MVA, FP = -0.98 | 418.7 | 1142 | 814 | 153 | - 0.98 | 400 | 1170 | 795 | 160 | - 0.98 | Transmisión de la potencia natural de la LT. |
| 5.6 | 1003 MVA, | 409 | 1463 | 1033 | 104 | - 0.99 | 400 | 1447 | 1003 | 0 | 1.0 | Capacitor Serie a su Capacidad nominal 228 |

| | FP = 1.0 | | | | | | | | | | | MVAR |
|------|-------------------------|-------|------|------|-----|---------|-----|------|-----|-----|--------|---|
| 5.7 | 1003 MVA, FP = -0.99 | 424 | 1427 | 1022 | 231 | - 0.975 | 400 | 1447 | 993 | 141 | - 0.99 | Capacitor Serie a su Capacidad nominal 228 MVAR |
| 5.8 | 1003 MVA, FP = -0.98 | 430 | 1412 | 1012 | 284 | - 0.96 | 400 | 1447 | 983 | 199 | - 0.98 | Capacitor Serie a su Capacidad nominal 228 MVAR |
| 5.9 | 900 MVA, FP = -0.98 | 423.8 | 1267 | 905 | 211 | - 0.97 | 400 | 1299 | 882 | 179 | - 0.98 | Capacitor Serie a 184 MVAR |
| 5.10 | 603 MVA, FP = -0.99 | 422 | 835 | 607 | 66 | - 0.99 | 400 | 870 | 597 | 85 | - 0.99 | LT sin compensación |
| 5.11 | 900 MVA, FP = -0.98 | 420 | 1283 | 906 | 221 | - 0.97 | 395 | 1315 | 882 | 179 | - 0.98 | Capacitor Serie a 188 MVAR |

ANÁLISIS – REPOTENCIACIÓN LÍNEAS DE TRANSMISIÓN PITIRERA-DONATO GUERRA (LT's PIT – DG 1 Y 2).

Situación actual de los capacitores serie de líneas Pitirera – Donato Guerra 1 y 2, S.E. Donato Guerra.

Diagrama unifilar fase “A”

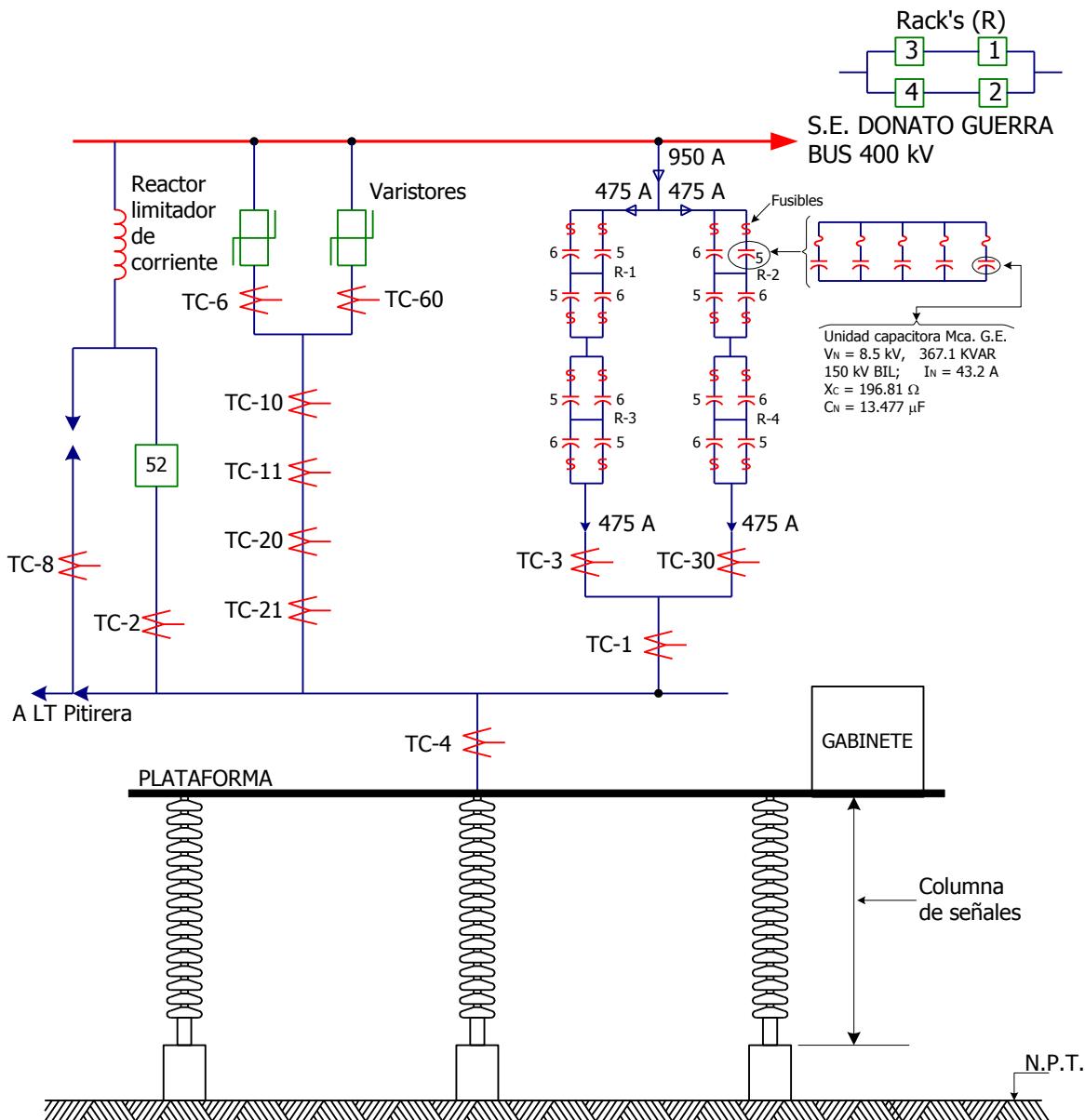


Fig. 5.1 Conexión del Capacitor serie Diagrama Unifilar Fase A

Unidad Capacitora Mca G.E.

$$V_N = 8.5 \text{ kV} \quad Q_C = 367.1 \text{ KVAR}$$

$$150 \text{ kV BIL} \quad I_N = 43.2 \text{ A}$$

$$X_C = 196.81 \Omega$$

$$C_N = 13.447 \mu F$$

Número de unidades capacitoras por fase:

$$4 \text{ Racks con } 22 \text{ unidades capacitoras} = 88 \text{ unidades capacitoras}$$

Capacidad de potencia reactiva por fase:

$$\text{KVAR}_{1\phi} = 88 (367.1) = 32300 \text{ KVAR} \Leftrightarrow 32.3 \text{ MVAR.}$$

Reactancia capacitiva por fase:

Reactancia capacitiva de unidad capacitoria:

$$X_C = \frac{V_N^2}{Q_C}$$

$$X_{C(U.C.)} = \frac{8.5^2}{3671} = 196.81 \Omega$$

Reactancia capacitiva de 11 u.c. en paralelo.

$$X_{C11U.C.} = \frac{X_{C(U.C.)}}{\# U.C.}$$

$$X_{C_{11U.C.}} = \frac{196.81}{11} = 17.892 \Omega$$

Reactancia capacitiva por pierna de fase:

$$X_{C_{PIERNA}} = (\# \text{ arreglos en la pierna})(X_{C11U.C.})$$

$$X_{C_{PIERNA}} = 4(17.892) = 71.568 \Omega$$

Reactancia capacitiva por fase:

$$X_{C_\phi} = \frac{X_{C_{PIERNA}}}{\# \text{ PIERNAS}}$$

$$X_{C_\phi} = \frac{71.568 \Omega}{2} = 35.784 \Omega$$

Corriente del capacitor serie a su potencia nominal:

$$I_C = (\# \text{ U.C por RACK})(I_N)$$

$$I_C = 11(43.188)(2) = 950 \text{ A}$$

Diferencia de potencial del capacitor serie a su potencia nominal:

$$V_{C_\phi} = X_{C_\phi} I_C$$

$$V_{C_\phi} = (35.784)(950) = 34000 \text{ V} \Leftrightarrow 34 \text{ kV}$$

Potencia reactiva nominal trifásica:

$$Q_{3\phi} = 3X_C I_C^2$$

$$Q_{3\phi} = (35.784)(950)^2(3) = 96.9 \text{ MVAR}$$

Capacitancia por Fase:

$$C_1 = 5(13.477) = 67.38 \mu F$$

$$C_2 = 2(67.38) = 134.76 \mu F$$

$$C_R = \frac{134.76}{2} = 67.38 \mu F$$

$$C_P = \frac{67.38}{2} = 33.69 \mu F$$

$$C_\phi = 33.69 + 33.69 = 67.38 \mu F$$

**REPOTENCIACIÓN DE LÍNEAS DE TRANSMISIÓN PITIRERA – DONATO GUERRA
L1 y L2 (PROPUESTA 258.72 MVAR).**

Cada fase contará con 2 piernas formadas por 7 grupos serie con 14 unidades capacitoras en paralelo por grupo. (Ver diagrama unifilar)

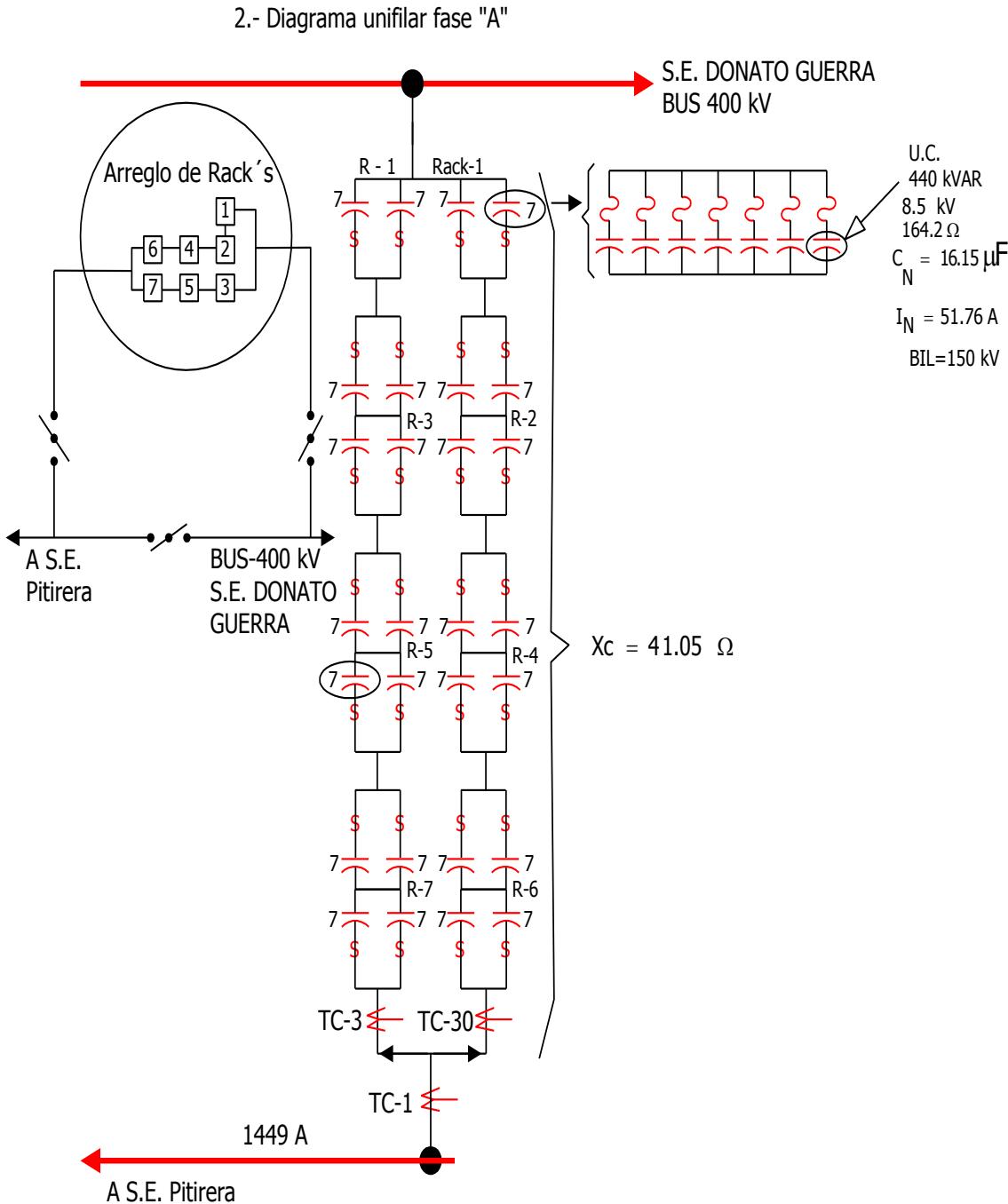


Fig. 5.2. Diagrama Unifilar Fase A Propuesta

Potencia reactiva nominal de unidades capacitoras (u.c.) para tener una Q trifásica de 258.72 MVAR.

Potencia reactiva nominal por fase:

$$\frac{258.72}{3} = 86.24 \text{ MVAR}$$

Total de u.c. por fase:

$$2 (14) (7) = 196 \text{ u.c.}$$

$$\text{Capacidad de u.c. } Q_\phi = \frac{86240 \text{ KVAR}}{196} = 440 \text{ KVAR}$$

Voltaje nominal de u.c.:

$$V_N = 8.5 \text{ kV}$$

El voltaje nominal del interruptor de bypass es de 63 kV; por tanto se selecciona el voltaje de u.c. de tal manera que la suma de los 7 grupos serie sea menor a 63 kV.

$$7 (8.5) < 63 \text{ kV}; \quad 59.5 \text{ kV} < 63 \text{ kV}$$

Datos nominales de las unidades capacitoras (u.c.):

$$V_N = 8.5 \text{ kV}; \quad Q_N = 440 \text{ KVAR}; \quad X_C = 164.2 \Omega$$

$$C_N = 16.1537 \square \mu\text{F}; \quad I_N = 51.76 \text{ A}; \quad 150 \text{ kV} - \text{BIL}$$

Reactancia capacitiva por fase:

Reactancia capacitiva de 14 u.c. en paralelo.

$$X_{C14U.C.} = \frac{X_{C(U.C.)}}{\# U.C.}$$

$$X_{C_{14\text{ U.C.}}} = \frac{164.2}{14} = 11.72 \Omega$$

Reactancia capacitiva por pierna de fase:

$$X_{C_{PIERNA}} = (\# \text{ arreglos en la pierna})(X_{C14U.C.})$$

$$X_{C_{PIERNA}} = 7(11.72) = 82.10 \Omega$$

Reactancia capacitiva por fase:

$$X_{C_\phi} = \frac{X_{C_{PIERNA}}}{\# PIERNAS}$$

$$X_{C_\phi} = \frac{82.10 \Omega}{2} = 41.05 \Omega$$

Corriente nominal por fase a potencia nominal del capacitor serie:

$$I_{N_\phi} = (14)(51.76)(2)$$

$$I_{N_\phi} = 1449.4 \text{ AMP}$$

Capacidad de corriente máxima de emergencia por 30 min.

$$\bullet I_{\text{MÁX.}} = 1.15 (1449.4) = 1667 \text{ A} \Leftrightarrow 1155 \text{ MVA}$$

Diferencia de potencial en el capacitor serie:

$$V_{C_\phi} = X_{C_\phi} I_C$$

$$\bullet V_{C_\phi} = (41.05) (1449.4) = 59498 \text{ V} \Leftrightarrow 59.5 \text{ kV}$$

Potencia reactiva nominal por fase:

$$Q_\phi = X_C I_C^2$$

$$\bullet Q_{1\phi} = (41.05) (1449.4)^2 = 86.24 \text{ MVAR}$$

Potencia reactiva trifásica del capacitor serie:

$$Q_{3\phi} = 3 (86.24) = 258.72 \text{ MVAR}$$

Capacitancia por Fase:

$$C_1 = 7(16.15) = 113.05 \mu F$$

$$C_2 = 2(113.05) = 226.1 \mu F$$

$$C_R = \frac{226.1}{2} = 113.05 \mu F$$

$$C_{3R} = \frac{113.05}{3} = 37.683 \mu F$$

$$C_{PIERNA} = \frac{(37.683)(226.1)}{(37.683) + (226.1)} = 32.30 \mu F$$

$$C_\phi = 32.30 + 32.30 = 64.6 \mu F$$

Unidades capacitoras por capacitor serie:

$$V_N = 8.5 \text{ kV}; \quad Q_N = 440 \text{ KVAR}; \quad X_C = 164.2 \Omega$$

$$C_N = 16.1537 \mu\text{F}; \quad I_N = 51.76 \text{ A}; \quad 150 \text{ kV - BIL.}$$

$$\text{Total de Unidades: } 3 \times 196 = 588$$

Para cada capacitor serie adquirir 21 Rack's tipo G7 para alojar hasta 28 unidades capacitoras máx.

Por capacitor serie, adquirir 588 listones fusibles para protección de u.c. (capacidad determinada por proveedor), tipo 31F2804G3 – G.E., $V = 25 \text{ kV}_{\text{pico}}$

Las u.c. deberán ser de las dimensiones especificadas, compatibles con rack's tipo G7.

Por capacitor serie, adquirir 3 reactores de amortiguamiento para 1500 Amps.

Por capacitor serie, adquirir 3 varistores para 65.5 kV.

Por capacitor serie, adquirir las conexiones necesarias para tener 7 racks por fase con 28 unidades capacitoras.

Adquirir 5% adicional de unidades capacitoras y fusibles como reserva.

Los TC'S existentes son funcionales para la repotenciación del capacitor serie.

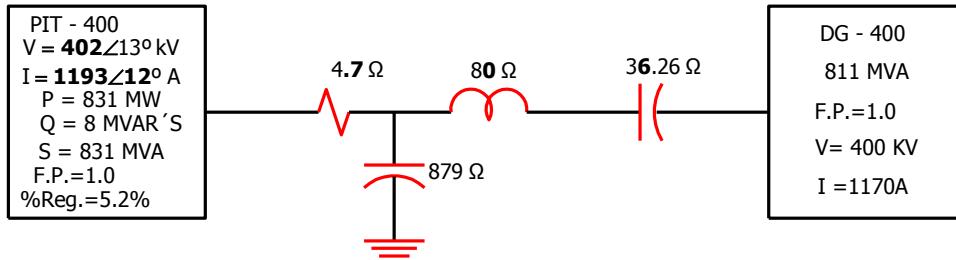
| TC | FUNCIÓN | RELACIÓN |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| TC-9 | Interfase plataforma – fibra óptica | 1000/2000:1A |
| TC-2 | Corriente de interruptor | 2000:1 ^a |
| TC-3 TC-30 | Desbalance del capacitor | 1500:5 ^a |
| TC-1 | Corriente del banco de capacitores | 2000:1 ^a |
| TC-4 | Falla a plataforma | 2000:1 ^a |
| TC-6 TC-60 | Desbalance de varistor | 2000:1 ^a |
| TC-8 | Corriente de gap (aire) | 2000:1 ^a |
| TC-10 TC-11 | Varistor analógico | 2000:1 ^a |
| TC-20 TC-21 | Varistor analógico | 2000:1 ^a |

OPERACIÓN DE LA LÍNEA DE TRANSMISIÓN PITIRERA – DONATO GUERRA.

LT SIN COMPENSACIÓN, IMPEDANCIA CARACTERÍSTICA $Z_C = 265\Omega$, SIL = 603 MW

LT CON UN GRADO DE COMPENSACIÓN DEL 45%, (SITUACIÓN ACTUAL)

- (I) LT- COMPENSADA (SITUACIÓN PROPUESTA, 228 MVAR, TRANSMISIÓN DE 811 MVA, F.P.=1.0, EN S.E. DONATO GUERRA (POTENCIA NATURAL DE LA LT)).



$$V_z = I_R \left[\frac{R}{2} + \frac{jX_L}{2} - jX_S \right]$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = \tilde{V}_R + \tilde{I}_R \left[\frac{R}{2} + \frac{jX_L}{2} - jX_S \right] = \left(\frac{400[KV]}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + (1170[A]) \left(\frac{4.7}{2} + \frac{j80}{2} - j36.26 \right)$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = [233.6895 + j4.3758][KV]$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = 233.73[KV]\angle 1.07^\circ$$

$$\tilde{I}_c = \frac{\tilde{V}_T}{-jX_c} = \frac{233.73[KV]\angle 1.08}{879[\Omega]\angle -90} = 265.9049[A]\angle 91.07^\circ$$

$$\tilde{I}_c = [-4.9781 + j265.8583][A]$$

$$\tilde{I}_G = \tilde{I}_R + \tilde{I}_c = 1170[A] - 4.9781 + j265.8583[A]$$

$$\tilde{I}_G = [1165.0218 + j265.8583][A]$$

$$\mathbf{1194.9713[A]\angle 12.85^\circ}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \tilde{V}_G &= \tilde{V}_T + \tilde{I}_G \left[\frac{R}{2} + j \frac{X_L}{2} \right] \\
 &= 233.6895 + j4.3758[KV] + [1165.0218 + j265.8583] \left[\frac{4.7}{2} + j \frac{80}{2} \right] \\
 &\quad [225.792 + j51.601][KV] \\
 &\quad 231.614[KV] \angle 12.87^\circ \\
 &\quad \sqrt{3} * [231.614[KV] \angle 12.87^\circ] \\
 &\quad \mathbf{401.167[KV] \angle 12.87^\circ + 30^\circ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_G &= P_G + jQ_G = V_G I_G^* \\
 S_G &= (225.792 + j51.601)[KV](1165.0218 - j265.8583)[A] \\
 S_G &= 276.7711[MW] - j87.612[KVAR] \\
 S_G &= 276.7711[MVA] \\
 S_{G3\emptyset} &= 3(276.7711) = 830[MVA] \\
 P_{G3\emptyset} &= 3(276.7711)[MW] = 830.3133[MW] \\
 Q_{G3\emptyset} &= 3(87.612)[KVAR] = 262.836[KVAR] \\
 F \cdot P &= \cos \theta = \cos(12.87 - 12.85) \\
 &= 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_0 &= \frac{\tilde{V}_G}{\frac{R}{2} + j \frac{X_L}{2} - jX_C} \\
 I_0 &= \frac{[225.792 + j51.601][KV]}{\left[\frac{4.7}{2} + j \frac{80}{2} - j879 \right] [\Omega]}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$I_0 = (-60.7487 + j269.2905)[A]$$

$$V_{R_0} = -jX_C \tilde{I}_0$$

$$V_{R_0} = -j879(-60.7487 + j269.2905)$$

$$= [236.706 + j53.398][KV]$$

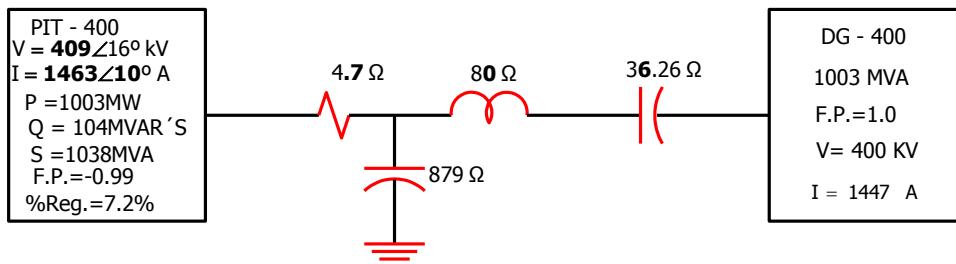
$$= 242.6546[KV]$$

$$\%Reg = \frac{V_{R_0} - V_R}{V_R} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{242.6546[KV] - 230.9401[KV]}{230.9401[KV]} \times 100$$

$$= 5.07\%$$

(II) TRANSMISIÓN DE 1003 MVA, F.P.= 1.0 EN S.E. DONATO GUERRA
(CAPACITOR SERIE A SU CAPACIDAD NOMINAL 228 MVAR, V=52.5KV, I=1447A).



$$V_z = I_R \left[\frac{R}{2} + \frac{jX_L}{2} - jX_S \right]$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = \tilde{V}_R + \tilde{I}_R \left[\frac{R}{2} + \frac{jX_L}{2} - jX_S \right] = \left(\frac{400[KV]}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + (1447[A]) \left(\frac{4.7}{2} + \frac{j80}{2} - j36.26 \right)$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = [234.3405 + j5.4117][KV]$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = 234.403[KV]∠1.32°$$

$$\tilde{I}_c = \frac{\tilde{V}_T}{-jX_c} = \frac{234.403[KV]∠1.32}{879[\Omega]∠ -90} = 266.6701[A]∠91.32°$$

$$\tilde{I}_c = [-6.1567 + j266.5990][A]$$

$$\tilde{I}_G = \tilde{I}_R + \tilde{I}_c = 1147[A] - 6.1567 + j266.5990[A]$$

$$\tilde{I}_G = [1440.8433 + j266.5990][A]$$

$$\mathbf{1465.3001[A]∠10.48°}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \tilde{V}_G &= \tilde{V}_T + \tilde{I}_G \left[\frac{R}{2} + j \frac{X_L}{2} \right] \\
 &= [234.3405 + j5.4117][KV] + [1440.8433 + j266.599] \left[\frac{4.7}{2} + j \frac{80}{2} \right] \\
 &\quad [227.0625 + j63.7619][KV] \\
 &\quad 235.8209[KV] \angle 15.66^\circ \\
 &\quad \sqrt{3} * [235.8209[KV] \angle 15.66^\circ] \\
 &\quad \mathbf{408.4538[KV] \angle 15.66^\circ + 30^\circ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_G &= P_G + jQ_G = V_G I_G^* \\
 S_G &= (227.0625 + j63.6719)[KV](1440.8433 - j266.5990)[A] \\
 S_G &= 344.1363[MW] - j31.2065[MVAR] \\
 S_G &= 345.5483[MVA] \\
 S_{G3\emptyset} &= 3(345.5483) = \mathbf{1036.645[MVA]} \\
 P_{G3\emptyset} &= 3(344.1363)[MW] = \mathbf{1032.40889[MW]} \\
 Q_{G3\emptyset} &= 3(31.2065)[MVAR] = \mathbf{93.6195[MVAR]} \\
 F.P &= \cos \theta = \cos(15.66 - 10.48) \\
 &= \mathbf{0.99}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_0 &= \frac{\tilde{V}_G}{\frac{R}{2} + j \frac{X_L}{2} - jX_C} \\
 I_0 &= \frac{[227.0625 + j63.6719][KV]}{\left[\frac{4.7}{2} + j \frac{80}{2} - j879 \right] [\Omega]}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$I_0 = (-75.1316 + j270.8451)[A]$$

$$V_{R_0} = -jX_C \tilde{I}_0$$

$$V_{R_0} = -j879(-75.1316 + j270.8451)$$

$$= [238.0728 + j66.0406][KV]$$

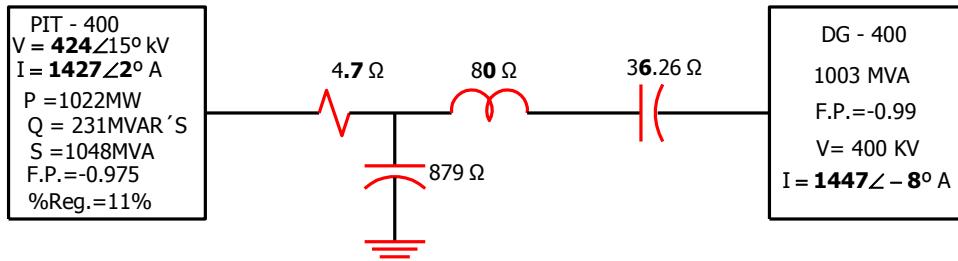
$$= 247.0628[KV]$$

$$\%Reg = \frac{V_{R_0} - V_R}{V_R} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{247.0628[KV] - 230.9401[KV]}{230.9401[KV]} \times 100$$

$$= 6.98\%$$

(III) TRANSMISIÓN DE 1003 MVA, F.P.=-.99 EN S.E. DONATO GUERRA (CAPACITOR SERIE A SU CAPACIDAD NOMINAL 228 MVAR, V=52.5KV, I=1447 A).



$$V_z = I_R \left[\frac{R}{2} + \frac{jX_L}{2} - jX_S \right]$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = \tilde{V}_R + \tilde{I}_R \left[\frac{R}{2} + \frac{jX_L}{2} - jX_S \right] = \left(\frac{400[KV]}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + (1432 - j201.3834)[A] \left(\frac{4.7}{2} + \frac{j80}{2} - j36.26 \right)$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = [235.0606 + j4.8858][KV]$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = 235.1114[KV]\angle 1.19^\circ$$

$$\tilde{I}_c = \frac{\tilde{V}_T}{-jX_c} = \frac{235.1114[KV]\angle 1.19}{879[\Omega]\angle -90} = 267.4759[A]\angle 91.19^\circ$$

$$\tilde{I}_c = [-5.5584 + j267.4182][A]$$

$$\tilde{I}_G = \tilde{I}_R + \tilde{I}_c = 1432.9178 - j201.38 - 5.5584 + j267.4182[A]$$

$$\tilde{I}_G = [1427.3593 + j66.0382][A]$$

$$1428.8862[A]\angle 2.64^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{V}_G &= \tilde{V}_T + \tilde{I}_G \left[\frac{R}{2} + j \frac{X_L}{2} \right] \\ &= [235.0606 + j4.8858][KV] + [1427.3593 + j66.038] \left[\frac{4.7}{2} + j \frac{80}{2} \right] \\ &\quad [235.773 + j62.1353][KV] \\ &\quad 243.8234[KV] \angle 14.76^\circ \\ &\quad \sqrt{3} * [243.8283[KV] \angle 14.76^\circ] \\ &\quad \mathbf{422.3146[KV] \angle 14.76^\circ + 30^\circ}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}S_G &= P_G + jQ_G = V_G I_G^* \\ S_G &= ([235.773 + j62.1353])[KV](1427.3593 - j66.0382)[A] \\ S_G &= 340.6366[MW] - j73.1194[MVAR] \\ S_G &= 348.3959[MVA] \\ \mathbf{S}_{G3\emptyset} &= \mathbf{3}(348.3959) = \mathbf{1045.1879[MVA]} \\ \mathbf{P}_{G3\emptyset} &= \mathbf{3}(340.6366)[MW] = \mathbf{1021.9098[MW]} \\ \mathbf{Q}_{G3\emptyset} &= \mathbf{3}(73.1194)[MVAR] = \mathbf{219.3582[MVAR]} \\ F \cdot P &= \cos \theta = \cos(14.76 - 2.64) \\ &= \mathbf{0.97}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}I_0 &= \frac{\tilde{V}_G}{\frac{R}{2} + j \frac{X_L}{2} - j X_C} \\ I_0 &= \frac{[235.773 + j62.1353][KV]}{\left[\frac{4.7}{2} + j \frac{80}{2} - j879 \right] [\Omega]} \\ I_0 &= (-73.2710 + j281.2219)[A] \\ V_{R_0} &= -j X_C \tilde{I}_0 \\ V_{R_0} &= -j879(-73.2710 + j281.2219) \\ &= [247.194 + j64.4052][KV]\end{aligned}$$

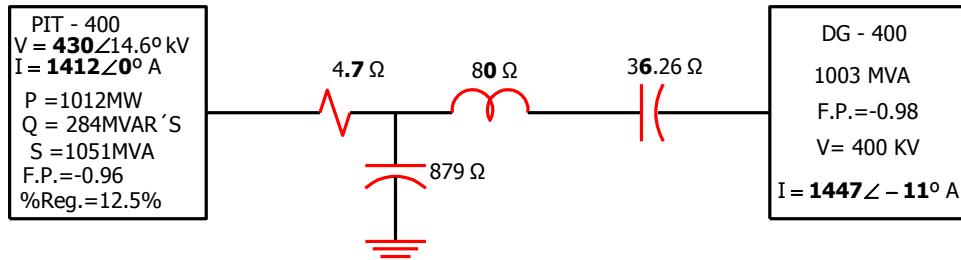
$$= 255.4465[KV]$$

$$\%Reg = \frac{V_{R_0} - V_R}{V_R} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{255.4465[KV] - 230.9401[KV]}{230.9401[KV]} \times 100$$

$$= 10.61\%$$

(IV) TRANSMISIÓN DE 1003 MVA, F.P.=-0.98 EN S.E. DONATO GUERRA (CAPACITOR SERIE A SU CAPACIDAD NOMINAL 228 MVAR, V=52.5KV, I=1447 A).



$$V_z = I_R \left[\frac{R}{2} + \frac{jX_L}{2} - jX_S \right]$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = \tilde{V}_R + \tilde{I}_R \left[\frac{R}{2} + \frac{jX_L}{2} - jX_S \right] = \left(\frac{400[KV]}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + (1420 - j276.10)[A] \left(\frac{4.7}{2} + \frac{j80}{2} - j36.26 \right)$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = [235.3106 + j4.663][KV]$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = 235.3568[KV] \angle 1.13^\circ$$

$$\tilde{I}_c = \frac{\tilde{V}_T}{-jX_c} = \frac{235.356[KV] \angle 1.13}{879[\Omega] \angle -90} = 267.66[A] \angle 91.13^\circ$$

$$\tilde{I}_c = [-5.3054 + j267.7027][A]$$

$$\tilde{I}_G = \tilde{I}_R + \tilde{I}_c = 1420.41 - j276.10 - 5.3054 + j267.7027[A]$$

$$\tilde{I}_G = [1415.1046 - j8.3973][A]$$

$$1415.1295[A] \angle -0.33^\circ$$

$$\tilde{V}_G = \tilde{V}_T + \tilde{I}_G \left[\frac{R}{2} + j \frac{X_L}{2} \right]$$

$$= [235.3106 + j4.663][KV] + [1415.1046 + j8.3973] \left[\frac{4.7}{2} + j \frac{80}{2} \right]$$

$$[238.9719 + j61.2474][KV]$$

$$246.6958[KV] \angle 14.37^\circ$$

$$\sqrt{3} * [246.6958[KV]]$$

$$\mathbf{427.2898[KV] \angle 14.37^\circ + 30^\circ}$$

$$S_G = P_G + jQ_G = V_G I_G^*$$

$$S_G = ([238.9719 + j61.2474])[KV](1415.1046 + j8.3973)[A]$$

$$S_G = 337.6559[MW] - j88.6718[MVAR]$$

$$S_G = 349.1064[MVA]$$

$$P_{G3\emptyset} = 3(349.1064) = \mathbf{1047.3199[MVA]}$$

$$P_{G3\emptyset} = 3(337.6559) = \mathbf{1012.96[MW]}$$

$$Q_{G3\emptyset} = 3(88.6718) = \mathbf{266.0344[MVAR]}$$

$$F.P = \cos \theta = \cos(14.37 + 0.33)$$

$$= \mathbf{0.96}$$

$$I_0 = \frac{\tilde{V}_G}{\frac{R}{2} + j \frac{X_L}{2} - j X_C}$$

$$I_0 = \frac{[238.9719 + j61.2474][KV]}{\left[\frac{4.7}{2} + j \frac{80}{2} - j879 \right] [\Omega]}$$

$$I_0 = (-72.202 + j285.031)[A]$$

$$V_{R_0} = -jX_C \tilde{I}_0$$

$$V_{R_0} = -j879(-72.202 + j285.031)$$

$$= [250.542 + j63.465][KV]$$

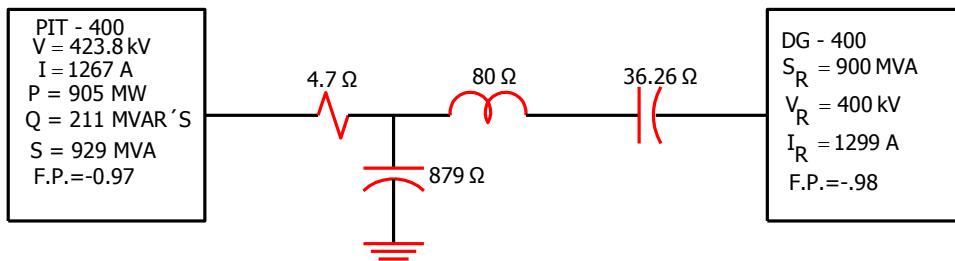
$$= 258.4561[KV]$$

$$\%Reg = \frac{V_{R_0} - V_R}{V_R} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{258.4561[KV] - 230.9401[KV]}{230.9401[KV]} \times 100$$

$$= 11.91\%$$

(V) TRANSMISIÓN DE 900 MVA, F.P.=-0.98 EN S.E. DONATO GUERRA.



$$V_z = I_R \left[\frac{R}{2} + \frac{jX_L}{2} - jX_S \right]$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = \tilde{V}_R + \tilde{I}_R \left[\frac{R}{2} + \frac{jX_L}{2} - jX_S \right] = \left(\frac{400[KV]}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + (1275.13 - j247.86)[A] \left(\frac{4.7}{2} + \frac{j80}{2} - j36.26 \right)$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = [234.86 + j4.186][KV]$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = 234.9[KV] \angle 1.02^\circ$$

$$\tilde{I}_c = \frac{\tilde{V}_T}{-jX_c} = \frac{234.9[KV] \angle 1.02^\circ}{879[\Omega] \angle -90^\circ} = 267.236[A] \angle 91.02^\circ$$

$$\tilde{I}_c = [-4.7628 + j267.1941][A]$$

$$\tilde{I}_G = \tilde{I}_R + \tilde{I}_c = 1275.13 - j247.86 - 4.7628 + j267.1941[A]$$

$$\tilde{I}_G = [1270.3672 + j19.3341][A]$$

$$1270.5143[A] \angle 0.87^\circ$$

$$\tilde{V}_G = \tilde{V}_T + \tilde{I}_G \left[\frac{R}{2} + j \frac{X_L}{2} \right]$$

$$= [234.86 + j4.186][KV] + [1270.3672 + j19.3341] \left[\frac{4.7}{2} + j \frac{80}{2} \right]$$

$$[237.071 + j55.046][KV]$$

$$243.3787[KV] \angle 13.07^\circ$$

$$\sqrt{3} * [243.3787[KV]]$$

421.544[KV]∠13.07° + 30°

$$S_G = P_G + jQ_G = V_G I_G^*$$

$$S_G = ([237.071 + j55.046])[KV](1270.3672 - j19.3341)[A]$$

$$S_G = 302.231[MW] + j65.345[MVAR]$$

$$S_G = 309.214[MVA]$$

$$S_{G3\emptyset} = 3(309.214) = \mathbf{927.6445[MVA]}$$

$$P_{G3\emptyset} = 3(302.231)[MW] = \mathbf{906.693[MW]}$$

$$Q_{G3\emptyset} = 3(65.345)[MVAR] = \mathbf{196.345[MVAR]}$$

F. P = cos θ = cos(13.07 + 0.87)

= 0.97

$$I_0 = \frac{\tilde{V}_G}{\frac{R}{2} + j \frac{X_L}{2} - j X_C}$$

$$I_0 = \frac{[237.071 + j55.046][KV]}{\left[\frac{4.7}{2} + j \frac{80}{2} - j 879 \right] [\Omega]}$$

$$I_0 = (-64.817 + j282.745)[A]$$

$$V_{R_0} = -j X_C \tilde{I}_0$$

$$V_{R_0} = -j 879(-64.817 + j282.745)$$

$$= [248.533 + j56.974][KV]$$

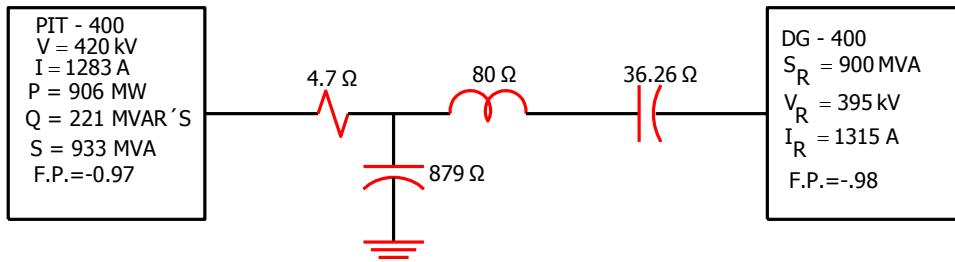
$$= 254.979[KV]$$

$$\%Reg = \frac{V_{R_0} - V_R}{V_R} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{254.979[KV] - 230.9401[KV]}{230.9401[KV]} \times 100$$

$$= 10.40\%$$

(VI) TRANSMISIÓN DE 900 MVA, F.P.= -0.98 EN DONATO GUERRA.



$$V_z = I_R \left[\frac{R}{2} + \frac{jX_L}{2} - jX_S \right]$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = \tilde{V}_R + \tilde{I}_R \left[\frac{R}{2} + \frac{jX_L}{2} - jX_S \right] = \left(\frac{395[KV]}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + (1290.83 - j250.91)[A] \left(\frac{4.7}{2} + \frac{j80}{2} - j36.26 \right)$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = [232.0251 + j4.238][KV]$$

$$\tilde{V}_T = 232.063[KV] \angle 1.04^\circ$$

$$\tilde{I}_c = \frac{\tilde{V}_T}{-jX_c} = \frac{232.063[KV] \angle 1.04^\circ}{879[\Omega] \angle -90^\circ} = 264.008[A] \angle 91.04^\circ$$

$$\tilde{I}_c = [-4.821 + j263.9649][A]$$

$$\tilde{I}_G = \tilde{I}_R + \tilde{I}_c = 1290.83 - j250.91 - 4.821 + j263.9649[A]$$

$$\tilde{I}_G = [1286.009 + j13.054][A]$$

$$1286.0752[A] \angle 0.58^\circ$$

$$\tilde{V}_G = \tilde{V}_T + \tilde{I}_G \left[\frac{R}{2} + j \frac{X_L}{2} \right]$$

$$= [232.0251 + j4.238][KV] + [1286.009 + j13.054] \left[\frac{4.7}{2} + j \frac{80}{2} \right]$$

$$[234.562 + j55.709][KV]$$

$$241.087[KV] \angle 13.36^\circ$$

$$\sqrt{3} * [241.087[KV]]$$

$$\mathbf{417.576[KV] \angle 13.36^\circ + 30^\circ}$$

$$S_G = P_G + jQ_G = V_G I_G^*$$

$$S_G = ([234.562 + j55.709])[KV](1286.009 - j13.054)[A]$$

$$S_G = 298.5868[MW] + j70.915[MVAR]$$

$$S_G = 306.8925[MVA]$$

$$S_{G3\emptyset} = 3(306.8925) = \mathbf{920.6777[MVA]}$$

$$P_{G3\emptyset} = 3(298.5868)[MW] = \mathbf{895.7604[MW]}$$

$$Q_{G3\emptyset} = 3(70.915)[MVAR] = \mathbf{212.745[MVAR]}$$

$$F.P = \cos \theta = \cos(13.36 - 0.58)$$

$$= \mathbf{0.97}$$

$$I_0 = \frac{\tilde{V}_G}{\frac{R}{2} + j \frac{X_L}{2} - j X_C}$$

$$I_0 = \frac{[234.562 + j55.709][KV]}{\left[\frac{4.7}{2} + j \frac{80}{2} - j879 \right] [\Omega]}$$

$$I_0 = (-65.6156 + j279.757)[A]$$

$$V_{R_0} = -jX_C \tilde{I}_0$$

$$V_{R_0} = -j879(-65.6156 + j279.757)$$

$$= [245.9064 + j57.6761][KV]$$

$$= 252.579[KV]$$

$$\%Reg = \frac{V_{R_0} - V_R}{V_R} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{252.579[KV] - 228.05[KV]}{228.05[KV]} \times 100$$

$$= 10.75\%$$