

FACULTAD DE INGENIERÍA UNAM DIVISIÓN DE EDUCACIÓN CONTINUA

INGLES INTERMEDIO 1.

INSTRUCTOR: LIC. DIANA ALICIA MONTIEL LIRA.

SECRETARIA DE GOBIERNO DEL DISTRITO FEDERAL.

DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DE PROTECCIÓN CIVIL.

FECHA DE IMPARTICION: DEL 23 DE SEPTIEMBRE AL 4 DE OCTUBRE DE 2002.

HORARIO DEL CURSO: DE LUNES A VIERNES DE 9 AM. A 11 AM. MARTES DE 11:30 AM. A 1.30 AM.

DURACIÓN DEL CURSO :20 HORAS.

PERIFÉRICO SUR #2769 COL. SAN JERÓNIMO LIDICE.

COORDINACIÓN DEL CURSO POR LA D.E.C.F.I.: LIC. MARIA JESENYA GOMEZ SANDOVAL.

CI - 268

OBJETIVO:

AL TERMINO DE ESTE CURSO EL CAPACITADO SERA CAPAZ DE:

- RELACIONAR, COMPARAR Y REFORZAR LOS CONOCIMIENTOS DEL CURSO ANTERIOR NIVEL 1 CON EL NIVEL 2.
- EXPRESAR SITUACIONES COTIDIANAS MEDIANTE EL PRESENTE SIMPLE.
- FORMAR ORACIONES EN PRESENTE SIMPLE EN SUS DIFERENTES FORMAS INTERROGATIVA, NEGATIVA Y AFIRMATIVA.
- OBTENER INFORMACIÓN PRECAUTORIA EN CUANTO A LA CONTAMINACIÓN AUDITIVA Y SUS CONSECUENCIAS.
- COMPRENDER Y EXPRESAR MEDIDAS PRECAUTORIAS PARA EVITAR INCENDIOS POR MEDIO DE UNA CONVERSACIÓN.
- FORMAR ORACIONES EN PRESENTE PROGRESIVO EN SUS DIFERENTES FORMAS; AFIRMATIVA, NEGATIVA E INTERROGATIVA.
- EXPRESAR SUS PROPIAS IDEAS ACERCA DE LA PREVENCIÓN DE ACCIDENTES Y DAR RECOMENDACIONES POR MEDIO DE UNA COMPOSICIÓN.
- DIFERENCIA ENTRE VERBOS, SUSTANTIVOS Y ADJETIVOS.

INDICE.

1.- CAPITULO UNO.

- 1.1AT THE RESTAURANT.
- 1.2SIMPLE PRESENT.
- 1.3QUESTION WORDS.

2.- CAPITULO DOS.

- 2.1 POLLUTION.
- 2.2 NOUNS AND ADJECTIVES.

3.- CAPITULO TRES.

- 3.1 PREVENT FIRE.
- 3.2 PRESENT PROGRESSIVE.
- 3.3 AFFIRMATIVE.
- 3.4 NEGATIVE.
- 3.5 INTERROGATIVE.

LESSON ONE

AT THE RESTAURANT.

PART ONE: CONVERSATION: MARK, GEORGE & KELLY ARE HAVING LUNCH AT A LOCAL RESTAURANT.

WAITER: ARE YOU READY TO ORDER?

MARK: YES, PLEASE, I'D LIKE A HAMBURGER WITH LETTUCE AND

TOMATO AND A GLASS OF ORANGE JUICE.

WAITER: O.K. WHAT ABOUT YOU SIR?.

GEORGE: I'D LIKE THE SAME BUT, COULD I HAVE SOME FRENCH FRIES

TOO?.

WAITER: OF COURSE, AND YOU MISS?

KELLY WHAT KIND OF CAKES DO YOU HAVE?

WAITER: CHOCOLATE, STRAWBERRY AND 3 MILKS.

KELLY: I'D LIKE A PIECE OF CHOCOLATE CAKE AND A CUP OF COFFEE

PLEASE.

WAITER: IS THAT ALL?

KELLY: YES, THANK YOU WAITER: YOU'RE WELCOME.

MARK ORDERS	
GEORGE ORDERS:	
KELLY ORDERS:	

MAKE YOUR OWN MENU WITH THE NEXT VOCABULARY. YOU CAN PUT THE PRICES.

SOUP, CHICKEN, RICE, SPAGETTI, HAMBURGER, CHEESEBURGER, HOT DOG, ROAST BEEF, TUNA FISHA, MIXED SALAD, CESAR, SALAD, TOMATOES, LETTUCE, ONION, PORK, BEEF, STEAK, FRENCH FRIES, CHIPS, POTATOES, SCRAMBLED EGGS, HAM, BACON, JUICE, TEA, COFFEE, SODA, MILKSHAKE, ORANGE, STRAWBERRY, BANANA, CHOCOLATE, CHAMOMILLA, LEMON, PINE APPLE, WATERMELON, MELON, GRAPEFRUIT, FRUIT, MILK, PIE, CAKE, ICE CREAM, SWEET ROLLS, SAUCE

MAKE YOUR OWN CONVERSATION	N AND PRACTICE IT WITH A PARTNER.
WAITRESS:	
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WAITRÉSS:	
	·
WAITRESS:	
YOU:	<u></u>
WAITRESS:	
YOU:	
SIMPLE PRESENT. AFFIRMATIVE:	
I LIKE CAKES YOU LIKE CAKES. HE LIKES CAKES. SHE LIKES CAKES. IT LIKES CAKES. WE LIKE CAKES. THEY LIKE CAKES.	
NEGATIVE: I DON'T LIKE YOU DON'T LIKE HE DOESN'T LIKE SHE DOESN'T LIKE IT DOESN'T LIKE WE DON'T LIKE THEY DON'T LIKE	CAKES. CAKES. CAKES. CAKES. CAKES. CAKES. CAKES. CAKES. CAKES.

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INTERROG	ATIVE:	•		. • •	. 5,7
DOES	HE SHE		CAKES? CAKES? CAKES? CAKES? CAKES? CAKES?		. •
GET THE I	RULE OF TI	HE SIMPLE	PRESENT AND	MAKE AN	EXAMPLE.
AFFIRMAT					
			+		
NEGATIVE					
			+		
INTERROG					
			+		? ?

CHANGE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES FROM AFFIRMATIVE TO NEGATIVE.

- 1.- I WORK ON THE TENTH FLOOR.
- 2.- GEORGE ALWAYS GOES TO THE MOVIES.
- 3.- SHE LIKES ICE CREAM VERY MUCH.
- 4.- WE COME TO SCHOOL BY BUS.
- 5.- I WALK TO SCHOOL EVERY DAY.
- 6.- YOU EAT LUNCH WITH ME VERY HAPPY.
- 7.- JOHN TAKES A FIRST AIDS COURSE.
- 8.- YOU AVOID ACCIDENTS AT WORK.
- 9.- THE SUPERVISOR CHECKS THE MAINTENANCE OF THE MACHINES.
- 10.- THE EMPLOYEE HANDLES THE MERCHANDISE WITH CAREFUL.

NOTE: TO MAKE INFORMATION QUESTIONS YOU WILL NEED TO INCLUDE THE WORDS: WHERE, WHY, WHEN, HOW, OR WHAT. BEFORE THE AUXILIARY DO OR DOES. FOR EXAMPLE:

- 1.- WHERE DOES HE WORK?
- 2.- WHY DO YOU PLAY?
- 3.- WHAT DOES SHE WANT?

CHANGE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES TO QUESTIONS BEGINNING WITH THE QUESTION WORD IN PARENTHESIS.

- 1.- I WORK ON THE TENTH FLOOR. (WHERE)
- 2.- GEORGE ALWAYS GOES TO THE MOVIES. (WHERE)
- 3.- SHE LIKES ICE CREAM VERY MUCH, (WHAT)
- 4.- WE COME TO SCHOOL BY BUS. (HOW)
- 5.- I WALK TO SCHOOL EVERY DAY. (WHEN)
- 6.- YOU EAT LUNCH WITH ME VERY HAPPY. (HOW)
- 7.- JOHN TAKES A FIRST AIDS COURSE. (WHAT)
- 8.- YOU AVOID ACCIDENTS AT WORK. (WHERE)
- 9.- THE SUPERVISOR CHECKS THE MAINTENANCE OF THE MACHINES. (WHAT)
- 10.- THE EMPLOYEE HANDLES THE MERCHANDISE WITH CAREFUL. (WHAT)

LESSON TWO.

POLLUTION.

NOW A DAYS WE KNOW A LOT ABOUT CONTAMINATION FOR EXAMPLE: CONTAMINATED AIR, WATER AND SO ON. WE KNOW THAT SMOKING, CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES, AND DUST PARTICLES POLLUTE OUR ENVIRONMENT.

BUT MAYBE WE DON'T KNOW A LOT ABOUT POLLUTION FROM NOISE AND THE CONSEQUENCES THAT IT PROVOQUES. FOR INSTANCE THE PHYSICAL EFFECTS LIKE PARTIAL OR COMPLETE DEAFNESS AS A RESULT OF THE EXCESSIVE NOISE (AIRPORTS, FACTORIES, CARS, MACHINES).

MANY EXPERIMENTS HAVE PROVED THAT NOISY ACTIVITIES MAKE THE PEOPLE BEHAVE MORE IRRITABLY AND LESS COOPERATIVELY. IN EXTREME SITUATIONS MANY PEOPLE CAN'T WORK HARD, IT'S DIFFICULT TO CONCENTRATE AND THEY SUFFER FROM SEVERE ANXIETY AND INSTABILITY BESIDES SOME OTHER PSYCHOLOGICAL PROBLEMS.

BUT WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN "SOUND" AND "NOISE". EASY, THE SOUND ARE THE DECIBELS OF SOUND THAT A PERSON CAN ENJOY AND CONTROL FOR EXAMPLE WHEN YOU LISTEN TO THE RADIO. BUT NOISE ARE THE DECIBELS OF SOUND THAT A PERSON CAN'T CONTROL AND BOTHER THEM. FOR EXAMPLE THE NOISE OF THE MACHINES IN A FACTORY. THIS IS THE NOISE POLLUTION THAT WE NEED TO CONTROL IN ORDER TO HELP PEOPLE LIVE AND WORK MORE HAPPILY.

ANSWER TRUE OR FALSE.

OF POLLUTION
2 NOISE IS GOOD FOR HEALTH
3 POPLE CAN'T WORK HARD IN NOISY SITUATIONS
4 ANXIETY AND INSTABILITY ARE PHISICAL PROBLEMS
5 "SOUND" AND "NOISE" IS THE SAME

NOUNS AND ADJECTIVES

NOUNS: ARE ANY PERSON, THING OR ANIMAL THAT WE ARE GOING TO TALK ABOUT.

EXAMPLES.

AIR, WATER,

CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES,

DUST PARTICLES,

ENVIRONMENT,

POLLUTION,

NOISE,

AIRPORTS, CARS,

CARS.

MACHINES.

ETC.

ADJECTIVES: ARE WORDS THAT MAKE A DESCRIPTION OF THE NOUN EXAMPLES.

CONTAMINATED,

EXCESSIVE,

NOISY, HARD,

DIFFICULT,

SEVERE,

BEAUTIFUL.

GOOD,

BAD.

UGLY, TALL,

ETC

EXAMPLES OF USE

- MEXICO CITY IS BIG
- GUADALAJARA IS LITTLE.
- IS YOUR ENGLISH CLASS EASY?
- CARS AREN'T EXPENSIVE.
- FRANCE IS NOT A TROPICAL COUNTRY.

NOUNS

ADJECTIVES

WOUND (HERIDA) BANDAGE (VENDA) HELPER (AYUDANTE) DEEP (PROFUNDO) DIRTY (SUCIO)

INTELLIGENT

ROPE (CUERDA)

TIGHT (APRETADO)

LIFESAVER (SALVAVIDAS)

PROFESIONAL

PUT THE FOLLOWING WORDS IN ORDER TO MAKE A SENTENCE.

- 1.- MAN/ THE/ OF/ DEEP/ IS/ WOUND/ VERY.
- 2.- DON'T/ YOU/ PLASE/ DIRTY/ USE/ A/ BANDAGE.
- 3.- INTELLIGENT/ NEED/ WE/ AN/ HELPER.
- 4.- PULLS/ SHE/ TIGHT/ BOX/ ROPE/ THE / WITH/ A.
- 5.- WE/PROFESSIONAL/ A/NEED/LIFESAVER.

KELLY AND GEORGE ARE AT A RESTAURANT TALKING ABOUT THE PREVENTIVE MEASURES THEY HAVE TO TAKE TO PREVENT FIRE.

KELLY. I AM THINKING ABOUT A POSSIBLE FIRE IN THE OFFICE.

GEORGE: PLEASE KELLY DON'T TELL ME THAT YOU ARE THINKING

ABOUT THOSE TRAGIC THINGS.

KELLY: THEY ARE NOT TRAGIC, A FIRE IS A POSSIBLE ACCIDENT IN OUR

WORKING CENTER BUT WE CAN TAKE PREVENTIVE MEASURES

TO AVOID IT. DON'T YOU THINK SO?.

GEORGE: YES. YOU ARE RIGHT. BUT WHAT CAN WE DO?

KELLY: EASY, JUST TAKE SOME PRECAUTIONS, FOR EXAMPLE WHEN

YOU ARE USING FLAMMABLE MATERIAL, LIKE ALCOHOL OR

GASOLINE, JUST DON'T SMOKE.

GEORGE YES, OF COURSE I HAVE ANOTHER IDEA, WHEN YOU ARE

LEAVING YOUR JOB, TURN OFF ALL YOUR ELECTRICAL

DEVICES AND UNPLUG THEM

KELLY. THAT'S A VERY GOOD ONE. WHEN YOU ARE SMOKING STAY

AWAY FROM PAPER OR CLOTHES.

GEORGE: WHILE YOU ARE CLEANING YOUR WORK CENTER DON'T USE

WATER OR CLEANING PRODUCTS NEAR THE SOCKET.

KELLY: OR WHEN YOU ARE MAKING A CONNECTION OF THREE OR

MORE DEVICES, USE DIFFERENT SOCKETS. BUT, WHAT ARE

YOU DOING GEORGE?

GEORGE: I AM MAKING A LIST OF PREVENTIVE MESURES AND LATER I

AM SENDING IT TO MY WORKMATES BY E-MAIL.

KELLY WOW!!! THAT IS THE BEST IDEA OF THEM ALL. TELL

EVERYBODY ABOUT IT.

LOOK AT THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES AND GET THE GRAMMATICAL RULE.

- I AM THINKING ABOUT A POSIBLE FIRE IN THE OFFICE.
- YOU ARE THINKING ABOUT THOSE TRAGIC THINGS.
- YOU ARE USING FLAMMABLE MATERIAL
- YOU ARE LEAVING YOUR JOB.
- WHEN YOU ARE SMOKING STAY AWAY FROM PAPER AND CLOTHES
- YOU ARE CLEANING YOUR WORK CENTER
- WHEN YOU ARE MAKING A CONNECTION
- WHAT ARE YOU DOING GEORGE?
- I AM MAKING A LIST.
- I AM SENDING TO MY WORKMATES.

PRESENT PROGRESSIVE.

PRESEN PROGRESSIVE TENSE DESCRIBES ACTIONS THAT ARE HAPPENING NOW.

GET THE RULE OF THE PRESENT PROGRESSIVE AND MAKE AN EXAMPLE.

AFFIRMATIVE:					
+	+	+_	+_		
EXAMPLE:				 ,	
NEGATIVE: .	+ +	+ _	+		
EXAMPLE:					
INTERROGATIVE:					
	+	+_	+_		
EXAMPLE:					?

CHANGE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES TO PRESENT PROGRESIVE AFFIRMATIVE.

- 1.- LOOK! THAT MAN WEARS A STRANGE COAT.
- 2.- I TEACH ENGLISH AT UNAM.
- 3.- WE PRACTICE EXCERCISE AT HOME.
- 4.- THE TELEPHONE RINGS SOFTLY.
- 5.- SOMEONE KNOCKS AT THE DOOR.

CHANGE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES TO PRESENT PROGRESIVE NEGATIVE.

- 1.- YOU STUDY VERY HARD.
- 2.- MY WATCH WORKS FINE.
- 3.- I LIVE WITH MY PARENTS.
- 4.- SHE WORKS ON THE FISRST FLOOR.
- 5.- WE TAKE FRENCH CLASSES.

VOCABULARY LEARNED IN THIS COURSE:

VERBS	NOUNS	ADJECTIVES	
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WITH YOUR OWN WORDS AND THE GRAMMATICAL EXPRESIONS LEARNED DURING THIS COURSE MAKE A COMPOSITION ABOUT THE RECOMMENDATIONS YOU CAN DO TO AVOID WORK ACCIDENTS O SOLUTIONS OR ANY TOPIC RELATED.